

OFFICE OF THE PRINCIPAL DISTRICT & SESSIONS JUDGE
WEST DISTRICT, TIS HAZARI COURTS, DELHI

No. 533-613 /GenL./Circulation/West/THC/2025

Dated, Delhi the 07/1/25

Sub.:- S.V.

..... Petitioner

VERSUS

State

..... Repondents

Criminal Appeal u/s 415(2) r/w section 528 of BNSS 2023 against the judgment and order on sentence dated 30.01.2024 and 22.03.2024 respectively passed by Ld ASJ (FTSC) (POCSO)-02, West District, Tis Hazari Courts, Delhi in case SC No. 76/2023, FIR No. 1297/2022, PS: Nihal Vihar U/s: 363/366/376(2)(i)&(n) IPC & Section 6 POCSO Act.

Forwarded copy of Letter No. 91652/Crl. Dated 26.12.2024 Bearing Diary No. 12774 Dated 26.12.2024 along with its enclosure i.e. copy of Order/Judgment Dated 10.12.2024 passed by Hon'ble High Court of Delhi in CRL.A. No. 728/2024 & CRL.M.(BAIL) No. 1343/2024 titled "S.V. Vs. State" & Memo of Partics received, on the subject cited above, from AOJ (Crl.), For Ld. Registrar General Delhi, Hon'ble High Court of Delhi, New Delhi for information and immediate compliance/necessary action to:-

1. All the Ld. Judicial Officers of West District, Tis Hazari Courts, Delhi.
2. The Chairman, Website Committee, Tis Hazari Courts, Delhi with the request to direct the concerned dealing Officer/Official to upload the same on Centralized Website of Delhi District Courts as well as on the Website of West District.
3. P.S. to the Ld. Principal District & Scssions Judge, West District, Tis Hazari Courts, Delhi.
4. The R&I Branch, West District, Tis Hazari Courts, Delhi with the request to upload the same on LAYERS.


(Ajay Gupta)

District Judge (Commercial Court) - 05/
Officer Incharge General Branch,
West District, Tis Hazari Courts, Delhi

Enclosure:- As above.

31/1/25

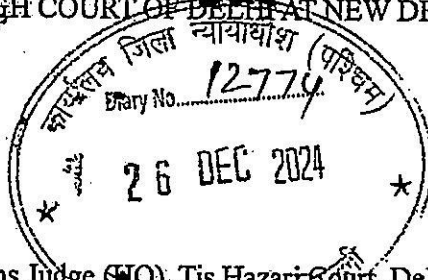
No. 91652 - IN THE HIGH COURT OF DELHI AT NEW DELHI

From: /Crl.

Dated 26/12/24

The Registrar General,
High Court of Delhi,
New Delhi.

To,

6080
13 DEC 2024

1. The District & Sessions Judge (NO), Tis Hazari Court, Delhi
2. The District & Sessions Judge, Central Tis Hazari Courts, Delhi
3. The District & Sessions Judge, West Tis Hazari Courts, Delhi
4. The District & Sessions Judge, New Delhi, Patiala House Courts, Delhi
5. The District & Sessions Judge, South, Saket Courts, Delhi
6. The District & Sessions Judge, South East, Saket Courts, Delhi
7. The District & Sessions Judge, East, Karkardooma Courts, Delhi
8. The District & Sessions Judge, North East, Karkardooma Courts, Delhi
9. The District & Sessions Judge, Shahdara, Karkardooma Courts, Delhi
10. The District & Sessions Judge, North West, Rohini Courts, Delhi
11. The District & Sessions Judge, North, Rohini Courts, Delhi
12. The Secretary, Central District, Legal Services Authority, Room No.287, Tis Hazari Courts, Delhi
13. The Secretary, West District, Legal Services Authority, Room No.295, Tis Hazari Courts, Delhi
14. The Secretary, New Delhi District, Legal Services Authority, Pre Fabricated Building, Ground floor, Patiala House Courts Complex, New Delhi
15. The Secretary, South District Legal Services Authority, Room No.309, 3rd Floor, Saket Court Complex, New Delhi
16. The Secretary, South East District Legal Services Authority, Utility Block, Saket Courts Complex, New Delhi
17. The Secretary, North East District Legal Services Authority, Room No.35, KKD Courts, Delhi
18. The Secretary, Shahdara District Legal Services Authority, Room No.35A, Ground Floor, KKD Courts, Delhi
19. The Secretary, North District Legal Services Authority, Room No.405 Rohini Courts Complex, New Delhi
20. The Secretary, North West District Legal Services Authority, Room No.405, 4th Floor, Rohini Courts Complex, Delhi
21. The Secretary, South West District Legal Services Authority, Room No.5A, Administrative Block, Ground Floor, Dwarka Courts Complex, Dwarka Courts, New Delhi
22. Mr. Abhinav Pandey, Secretary (Litigation) DSLSA, 3rd floor, Rouse Avenue District Court Complex, New Delhi
23. The Commissioner of Police, PHQ, New Delhi
24. The Secretary, Ministry of Health & Family Welfare, Room No. 201-D, Nirman Bhawan, New Delhi - 110011
25. The Special Secretary, Health and family Welfare Department, 9th Level, A-Wing, IP Extension, Delhi Secretariat, Delhi - 110002
26. The Union of India, Through Joint Secretary, Ministry of Home Affairs, North Block, New Delhi - 110001

Sec. DSLA (west)
OIC/Genl/west

PD 285 (west)
03/01/2025

S.V.

.... Petitioner

VERSUS

State

.... Respondent/s

Criminal Appeal u/s 415(2) r/w section 528 of BNSS 2023 against the judgment and order on sentence dated 30.01.2024 and 22.03.2024 respectively passed by Ld ASJ(FTSC)(POCSO)-02, West District, Tis Hazari Courts, Delhi in case SC No. 76/2023, FIR No. 1297/2022, PS: Nihal Vihar U/s: 363/366/376(2)(i) & (n) IPC & Section 6 POCSO Act.


Sir,

I am directed to forward herewith for immediate compliance/ necessary action a copy of order dated 10.12.2024 passed by the Hon'ble Division Bench of this court in the above noted case.

Necessary directions are contained in the enclosed copy of order.

Encl.: 1. Copy of order dated 10.12.2024
2. Memo of Parties

Yours faithfully


23.12.2024
AOJ(Crl.)

for Registrar General

THE HON'BLE HIGH COURT OF DELHI AT NEW DELHI

(Criminal Appellate Jurisdiction)

Cri. Appeal No. _____/2024

(APPEAL AGAINST THE JUDGMENT AND ORDER ON SENTENCE DATED 30.01.2024 AND 22.03.2024 PASSED BY LD. ASJ (FTSC) (POCSO)-02, WEST DISTRICT, TIS HAZARI COURTS, DELHI IN SESSIONS CASE NO. 76/2023, FIR NO. 1297/2022, U/S 376 (2) (n) & 6 POCSO Act, PS-NIHAL VIHAR TITLED AS STATE VS. 'S.V')

IN THE MATTER OF:

'S.V' (IDENTITY REDACTED)

...APPELLANT

VERSUS

STATE (NCT OF DELHI)

...RESPONDENT

MEMO OF PARTIES

'S.V' (IDENTITY REDACTED)

S/o 'R.N.V' (IDENTITY REDACTED)

PRESENT ADDRESS:

ADDRESS NOT MENTIONED SINCE VICTIM

DAUGHTER OF APPELLANT

(PRESENTLY CONFINED IN

CENTRAL JAIL NO. 4, TIHAR)

...APPELLANT

VERSUS

STATE (NCT OF DELHI)
 THROUGH CHIEF SECRETARY
 DELHI SECRETARIAT, I.P. ESTATE,
 DELHI-110003.

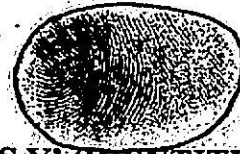
....RESPONDENT(S)

DRAFTED BY

APPELLANT

Smiley Dg.
26/7/2024
 AMIT KALA (ADVOCATE)

DHCLSC
 34-38, LAWYER'S
 CHAMBER,
 SHERSHAH SURI MARG,
 DELHI HIGH COURT,
 NEW DELHI - 110003
 DATED: 26.07.2024



I.T.I. of 'S.V' (IDENTITY
 REDACTED)

S/O 'R.N.V' (IDENTITY
 REDACTED)

(Presently confined in
 Central Jail No. 4, Tihar,
 New Delhi)

[Signature]
 ATTESTED

Deputy Superintendent
 Central Jail No.4, N. Delhi



§-3

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IN THE HIGH COURT OF DELHI AT NEW DELHI*Date of Decision: 10th December, 2024*

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CRL.A. 728/2024 & CRL.M.(BAIL) 1343/2024**S.V.****.....Appellant****Through: Mr. Sudarshan Rajan (DHCLSC), Mr.
Hitain Bajaj, Advs. (M: 9650075050)****versus****STATE****.....Respondent****Through: Mr. M.A. Niyazi, Standing Counsel
for CBSE with Ms. Anamika Ghai
Niyazi, Ms. Kirti Bhardwaj, Ms.
Nehmat Sethi, Mr. Arquam Ali Advs.
for CBSE.****Mr. Abhinav Pandey, Secretary
(Litigation), DSLSA.****SI Manoj Kumar, PS Nihar Vihar****Mr Ritesh Kumar Bahri APP, Mr Lalit
Luthra, Adv. (M: 9910645959)****Ms. Harpreet Kalsi, Id. Amicus Curaie
with Mr. Vashisht Rao, Adv.****Survivor and her mother in person.****CORAM:****JUSTICE PRATHIBA M. SINGH****JUSTICE AMIT SHARMA****Prathiba M. Singh, J. (Oral)****CRL.A. 728/2024**

1. This hearing has been done through hybrid mode.
2. The present appeal has been filed under Section 415 read with 528 BNSS challenging the judgment dated 30th January, 2024 and the accompanying order of sentence dated 22nd March, 2024. The case against the Appellant had been registered under Sections 363/376(2)(i) and (n) of the



IPC and Sections 6 and 12 of the POCSO Act at PS Nihal Vihar. The Appellant is the real father of the survivor, who had allegedly committed penetrative sexual assault, repeatedly upon her.

3. On 13th August, 2024, the ld. APP had informed the Court that the interim compensation awarded by the Trial Court had yet not been released to the survivor. Considering the facts of the case, the Court had directed that urgent steps be taken to trace the survivor and pay her the compensation. The Court had also directed the concerned District Legal Services Authority to file a status report with regard to the delay in disbursing the compensation to the survivor.

4. In compliance of the directions passed on 13th August, 2024, the West District Legal Services Authority had filed a status report dated 27th August, 2024. As per the said report, an amount to the tune of Rs. 4,12,500/- had been awarded as the interim compensation to the Survivor. In addition to this, the final compensation had been computed at Rs. 13,00,000/- .

5. On 2nd September, 2024, the Court had interacted with the Survivor and her mother. The Court had passed various directions, including, in respect of the medical treatment of the Survivor. The relevant portion of the order dated 2nd September, 2024 reads as under:

"9. The facts which have emerged after interaction with the parties in Chamber are that, at the time of the incident, the survivor was a student pursuing her studies in 12th grade, however, she could not complete her 12th grade exams because of the incident. In this view of the matter, she has expressed her intention to complete her Class 12th education. It is also seen after the interaction, that she needs some medical treatment and consultation.



10. The survivor lives with her mother and other two sisters and brother in Nangloi in a tenanted accommodation. The mother works in a school and is earning approximately Rs.5,000/- to Rs.6,000/- per month. The mother and the daughter have expressed that if some amounts may be released to them, it would help in her pursuing her studies as also in getting some treatment.

11. Under such circumstances, after interaction with them in Chamber, the following directions are issued:-

i) Out of the total amount of interim compensation i.e., Rs. 13,00,000, the Union Bank of India, Nangloi shall retain a sum of Rs.5,00,000/- in a fixed deposit in the name of the survivor for a period of two years.

ii) A further sum of Rs. 5,00,000/- shall be retained in a fixed deposit by the Union Bank of India, Nangloi for a period of one year in the name of the survivor.

12. The remaining amount of Rs.3,00,000/- shall be disbursed in the following manner:-

a) A sum of Rs.1,00,000/- shall be released to the survivor within one week from today.

b) Thereafter, a sum of Rs.10,000/- be released to the survivor by 10th of every month w.e.f. November 2024.

13. The mother of the survivor has assured this Court that she would ensure that the aforesaid amounts are used for the well-being of the daughter.

14. The PLV/DLSA who has already been nominated by the DLSA, shall continue to help the survivor and assist her in filling up her admission form for the Class 12th examinations through the National Institute of Open Schooling ('NIOS'). If the DLSA is of the opinion that any order is required to be passed by this Court, an application may be moved or the matter may be mentioned.



15. The DSLSA shall also assist the survivor in getting her medically examined in a hospital and also, getting the test conducted such as ultrasound etc., which may be required. If any medicines are to be procured and given to her, she may be assisted in the same.

16. Let the paper book be prepared and tagged along with the present appeal. Copies of the same may be provided to the ld. Counsels for the parties by the Registry, upon request."

6. On the last date of hearing i.e., 23rd October, 2024, the Court had considered the status report dated 22nd October, 2024, filed by Mr. Abhinav Pandey, Secretary (Litigation), Delhi State Legal Services Authority (DSLSA). As per the said report, the final compensation of Rs. 13,00,000/- had been deposited in the account of the survivor on 7th September, 2024, and that the further steps are being taken towards enrolment of the survivor in the 12th standard. It was also mentioned therein, that the Survivor had been medically examined on 13th September, 2024.

7. Further, it was stated in the said report that the Survivor is being trained as a Para Legal Volunteer (hereinafter "PLV") and if she was found fit to work as PLV, then the Survivor may be engaged with DSLSA/DLSA in that capacity. The relevant portions of the order dated 23rd October, 2024 are reproduced below:

"3. In terms of the above order, a detailed status report dated 22nd October, 2024 in the form of compliance report has been filed by Mr. Abhinav Pandey, Secretary, (Litigation), DSLSA. The same has been taken on record. As per the said report, following details have been furnished by Mr. Abhinav Pandey:



(i) The final compensation amount of Rs. 13,00,000/- in terms of the previous order dated 02nd September, 2024 has been released to the survivor and has been credited into the survivor's bank account on 7th September, 2024.

(ii) Insofar as the enrolment of the survivor in the 12th standard examination in National Institute of Open Schooling (NIGS) is concerned, steps are being taken by the Id. Secretary and the Id. Amicus Curiae for getting the survivor's 10th standard board marksheet, which appears to be delayed.

(iii) Insofar as the direction to provide assistance to the Survivor to avail medical examination as also to conduct various tests at a hospital near her residence, the Survivor has been medically examined at [REDACTED] on 13th September, 2024 during which she was accompanied by a female police official to ensure her safety and support. The Survivor was called for a follow-up and further analysis of her test reports on 24th September, 2024.

4. Mr. Pandey submits that an application has already been filed in the Central Board of Secondary Education (CBSE) for releasing the Class 10th certificate/marksheet. Considering the nature of the matter, the Secretary, CBSE is directed to issue the Class 10th certificate to the survivor within one week from today. The details of the survivor are as under:

5. The present order be communicated to Mr. M.A. Niyazi, Id. Counsel (+91 9810413706), who regularly appears for the CBSE, for immediate action.



6. Insofar as the rehabilitation of the survivor is concerned, Mr. Pandey submits that she is being given training as a Para Legal Volunteer ('PLV') under the DLSA and she will be enrolled as a PLV with the DSLSA/DSL. Accordingly, if she is found fit to work as a PLV the survivor may be engaged as a PLV. Let a further status report be filed by the next date of hearing."

8. Today, the Survivor has appeared along with her mother and the Court has interacted with them in Chamber. It is stated by the Survivor that the sum of Rs. 13,00,000/- has already been released. She and her mother have informed the Court that out of the said amount, two FDs have been created for Rs. 5,00,000/- each, in terms of the directions of this Court on 2nd September, 2024. Further, it is stated that Rs. 1,00,000/-, has been used by the Survivor for paying some coaching fee and for day to day expenses.

9. Insofar as the 10th Standard Board marksheet of the Survivor is concerned, the same has also been procured and has been given by the CBSE through the school. The survivor wishes to now be enrolled into class 12th through open schooling. She may do so through the National Institute of Open Schooling.

10. Upon being queried, the Survivor submits that she is happy to continue to work as a PLV so as to remain busy. She would be paid remuneration as a PLV.

11. The Survivor may remain in touch with the Id. *Amicus Curiae* for any further issues she may encounter.

12. The Survivor need not appear on the next date of hearing, unless any particular directions are being sought by her.

13. Mr. Pandey, who is present before the Court, has brought to the



attention of the Court that despite the directions of this Court *vide* order dated 2nd September, 2024 in respect of free medical treatment of the Survivor, in terms of Section 397 BNSS, earlier 357 C of the Cr.P.C, the Survivor could not avail the same without repeated intervention of the DSLSA. The relevant paragraph of the status report dated 22nd October, 2024, filed by the DLSA are reproduced below:

"8.1 That, so far as to provide assistance to the survivor in getting her medically examined in a hospital and also, getting the necessary tests/investigations conducted is concerned, undersigned requested Ld. Secretary, West DLSA to ensure treatment of the survivor in the best hospital near her residence and as per choice of the survivor, and to ensure treatment in a private super-speciality hospital, if required, and for that purpose, to make use of the provisions of Section 357C of Cr.P.C./Section 397 of Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023 (BNSS). In this regard, Ld. Link Secretary, West DLSA has further stated that in compliance thereto, vide letter dated 06.09.2024 (sent through email), the Director, Sri Balaji Action Medical Institute was requested to arrange free medical treatment for the survivor in view of 357C of Cr.P.C./Section 397 of Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023 (BNSS), but no positive response was received at initial instances, despite being contacted telephonically. Copy of the said letter dated 06.09.2024 along with the aforesaid email is annexed herewith as Annexure-'B1' and 'B2' respectively. Nevertheless, on persistent efforts of West DLSA, the letter sent through email was taken note of by the Hospital wherein Order of this Hon'ble Court was also referred and finally an affirmation was received from the Hospital on 11.09.2024."

14. Mr. Pandey, submits that it took some convincing on his part to enable



the concerned private hospital to extend free treatment to the Survivor. He, thus, submits that it is necessary for all hospitals to be sensitized about this treatment provision under the BNSS.

15. Considering these submissions, this Court has deemed it appropriate to reiterate the legal position in this regard and issue specific directions.

16. Section 397 of BNSS, Section 357C of CrPC are reproduced here for ease of reference:

“397. Treatment of victims.—All hospitals, public or private, whether run by the Central Government, the State Government, local bodies or any other person, shall immediately, provide the first-aid or medical treatment, free of cost, to the victims of any offence covered under section 64, section 65, section 66, section 67, section 68, section 70, section 71 or sub-section (1) of section 124 of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 (45 of 2023) or under sections 4, 6, 8 or section 10 of the Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act, 2012 (32 of 2012), and shall immediately inform the police of such incident.”

357C. Treatment of victims.—All hospitals, public or private, whether run by the Central Government, the State Government, local bodies or any other person, shall immediately, provide the first-aid or medical treatment, free of cost, to the victims of any offence covered under section 326A, 376, 376A, 376AB, 376B, 376C, 376D, 376DA, 376DB or section 376E of the Indian Penal Code (45 of 1860), and shall immediately inform the police of such incident.”

17. In addition Rule 6(4) of the POCSO Rules, 2020 is also relevant and the same reads as under:

“6. Medical aid and care.— [...]

(4) The registered medical practitioner rendering medical care shall attend to the needs of the child, including:



- (a) treatment for cuts, bruises, and other injuries including genital injuries, if any;
- (b) treatment for exposure to sexually transmitted diseases (STDs) including prophylaxis for identified STDs;
- (c) treatment for exposure to Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV), including prophylaxis for HIV after necessary consultation with infectious disease experts;
- (d) possible pregnancy and emergency contraceptives should be discussed with the pubertal child and her parent or any other person in whom the child has trust and confidence; and,
- (e) wherever necessary, a referral or consultation for mental or psychological health needs, or other counseling, or drug de-addiction services and programmes should be made."

18. It is also noted that the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India, (hereinafter "MoHFW") had released in 2014, "Guidelines for Medico-Legal Care for Survivors/Victims of Sexual Violence". The relevant portion of the said guidelines are as under:

[...]

Survivors of sexual violence should receive all services completely free of cost. This includes OPD/inpatient registration, lab and radiology investigations, Urine Pregnancy Test (UPT) and medicines. The casualty medical officer must label the case papers for any sexual violence case as "free" so that free treatment is ensured. Medicines should be prescribed from those available in the hospital. If certain investigations or medicines are not available, the social worker at the hospital should ensure that the survivor is compensated for investigations/medicines from outside.

[...]"

As per the above provisions of law, it is incumbent upon all hospitals, nursing homes, clinics, medical centres to provide free medical care and treatment to rape victims/survivors, POCSO case survivors and similar victims/survivors



of sexual attacks etc.,

19. It is observed that a large number of rape cases and POCSO cases come up before the Courts on a regular basis. The survivor/s in these cases sometimes need urgent medical intervention and sometimes need medical assistance over a longer period of time including admission, diagnostics, surgical intervention, medicines and other treatment including counselling services.

20. However, despite the provisions under the BNSS or CrPC, as also the guidelines formulated by the MoHFW, the Court has been informed that survivors of sexual violence and acid attacks face difficulties in availing free medical treatment.

21. Thus, all Central Government/State Government aided and unaided hospitals as also private hospitals, clinics, nursing homes would be required to comply with the above provisions in order to ensure that survivors/rape victims and survivors in POCSO cases etc., are not refused medical treatment, or any other services which may be required. The word "treatment" would include first aid, diagnosis, in-patient admission, continued out-patient assistance, diagnostic tests, lab tests, surgery if required, physical and mental counselling, psychological help, family counselling, etc. The Court accordingly deems it fit to issue directions which shall apply in respect of the victims/survivors of the following offences:

- a. Rape (Section 64 read with Section 71 of Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 (BNS); Section 376 read with Section 376E of IPC).



- b. Rape of woman under the age of sixteen or twelve years (Section 65 read with Section 71 of BNS; Section 376AB read with Section 376E of IPC).
- c. Rape resulting in persistent vegetative state (Section 66 read with Section 71 of BNS; Section 376A read with Section 376E of IPC).
- d. Sexual intercourse by husband upon his wife during separation (Section 67 read with Section 71 of BNS; Section 376B of IPC).
- e. Sexual intercourse by a person in authority (Section 68 read with Section 71 of BNS; Section 376C of IPC).
- f. Gang Rape (Section 70 read with Section 71 of BNS; Sections 376D, 376DA & 376DB read with Section 376E of IPC).
- g. Voluntarily causing grievous hurt by use of acid, etc. (Section 124(1) of BNS; Section 326A of IPC).
- h. Penetrative sexual assault (Section 4 of POCSO Act).
- i. Aggravated penetrative sexual assault (Section 6 of POCSO Act).
- j. Sexual assault (Section 8 of POCSO Act).
- k. Aggravated sexual assault (Section 10 of POCSO Act).

Directions:

- i. Whenever any victim/survivor of any of the said offences approaches a medical facility, diagnostic facility, diagnostic lab, nursing home, hospital, health clinic etc., whether private and public/Government, such victim/survivor shall not be turned away without providing FREE



- medical treatment, including first aid, diagnostic tests, lab tests, surgery and any other required medical intervention;
- ii. Such victim/survivor shall be immediately examined and if required, be given treatment even for sexually transmitted diseases such as HIV etc.;
 - iii. Such victim/survivor shall be provided physical and mental counselling as may be required;
 - iv. Such victim/survivor shall be checked for pregnancy, and provided with contraception, if required;
 - v. Further, if any tests are required to be conducted including ultrasound, etc., the same shall also be conducted. Proper medical advice shall be given to such victim/survivor by the concerned gynaecologist who shall also counsel the victim/ survivor and her family members;
 - vi. If the victim/ survivor has been brought in an emergent situation, the concerned medical establishment that is approached by or on behalf of such victim/survivor, shall not insist on ID proofs in order to admit the said victim/survivor and administer immediate treatment to the same;
 - vii. If such a victim/survivor requires in-patient medical treatment, no payment shall be demanded and admission shall be provided to the said victim/survivor;
 - viii. Every medical facility shall put up a board in the following terms:

“Free out-patient and in-patient medical treatment is available for victims/ survivors of sexual assault, rape, gang rape, acid attacks, etc.”.



The above board shall be put up at the- entrance, the reception, counters and all prominent places with in the medical establishment, in both English and vernacular language;

- ix. All doctors, nurses, paramedical personnel, administrative staff of a medical establishment shall be sensitized about the relevant provisions being Section 397 BNSS (Section 357C of CrPC), Section 200 of BNS (Section 166B of IPC) and Rule 6(4) of POCSO Rules, 2020. Specific circulars shall be issued by the management of the medical establishments informing that anyone violating the above provisions would be liable to be punished with imprisonment for a period of one year or with fine or with both. Thus, non-providing such victim/survivor with required medical treatment is a criminal offence and all doctors, administration, officers, nurses, paramedical personnel etc., shall be informed of the same;
- x. If any victim/survivor is required to be transferred from one hospital establishment or medical establishment to another, the transition shall also be made smooth and hassle free by providing ambulance, if required, along with certificate to the effect that the victim/survivor is entitled to free medical treatment as per law;
- xi. If the police finds that any medical professional, para-medical professional, medical establishment, whether public or private, refuses to provide necessary medical treatment to such victims/survivors, then a complaint shall be immediately registered under Section 200 of BNS, 2023 (Section 166B of IPC) as the same is a punishable offence. The police may also inform the concerned DLSA or DSLSA to enable assistance to the victim/survivor;



- xii. The concerned Police Station approached by or on behalf of such victim/survivor shall take the said victim/survivor to the nearest hospital, whether public or private, for obtaining the above medical treatment without any delay and in an expeditious manner;
- xiii. Such victim/ survivor shall also be referred by the Police to the Delhi State Legal Services Authority (DSLSA) /District Legal Services Authority (DLSA) for providing legal assistance including appointment of a lawyer for the complaint to be filed in respect of the offence committed upon the said victim/survivor;
- xiv. In the city of Delhi, if such victims/survivors approach the DSLSA/DLSA for seeking assistance for availing free medical treatment, then the Delhi Victims Compensation Scheme (DVCS), requires the DSLSA/DLSA to forward cases of such victims/survivors to Government of NCT of Delhi, to ensure free of cost treatment from any Government hospital, if the need so arises. However, the DSLSA/DLSA is also free to refer such cases to private hospitals, nursing home, laboratories, etc.;
- xv. It is clarified that availing of free medical treatment by such victims/survivors from either Government/Public or Private hospitals is not dependent upon a referral by the DSLSA/DLSA under the DVCS, as the same is a statutory right of such victims/survivors under Section 357C of CrPC, Section 397 of BNSS and Rule 6 (4) of POCSO Rules, 2020.
- xvi. The DSLSA upon receiving information on its "Sampark" email-id *i.e.*, sampark.dlsa@gov.in regarding registration of an FIR in respect of any offence mentioned herinabove, shall take necessary action and



follow-up with the concerned victim/survivor in respect of receiving free medical aid. Further, the DSLSA shall take urgent steps to process such FIRs and communicate/circulate the same to the concerned DSLAs for taking appropriate steps in terms of the directions herein;

22. The present order shall be circulated to all Courts dealing with, sexual offences including, POCSO Courts, Criminal Courts, Family Courts, etc., so as to ensure that all victim/survivor, in terms of Section 397 of BNS (Section 357C of CrPC), are informed of their rights under law and proper steps are taken for referring such cases to the concerned medical establishments, whether public/government or private, whenever the courts come across such cases where victims/survivors needs such assistance.

23. Copy of the order be communicated to all District Legal Services Authorities for necessary information and compliance.

24. Copy of the order be communicated to Mr. Abhinav Pandey, Secretary (Litigation) Delhi State Legal Services Authority for necessary information and compliance.

25. The order be also sent to the Commissioner of Police, Delhi for being circulated to all police stations. In addition, the order be also communicated by the Secretary, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, UOI and Special Secretary (Health) GNCTD for monitoring and being circulated to all hospitals, nursing homes, medical establishments, clinics, diagnostic centres, laboratories etc., for compliance.

CRL.M.(BAIL) 1343/2024 in CRL.A. 728/2024

26. List the application for suspension of sentence on the next date of hearing.

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2024:DHC:9821-DB



27. List on 23rd December, 2024.



PRATHIBA M. SINGH
JUDGE



AMIT SHARMA
JUDGE

✓
DECEMBER 10, 2024/nk/ms
(Corrected & released on 21st December, 2024)

